THERMOGRAVIMETRIC ANALYSIS OF PRETREATED GÖYNÜK OIL SHALE AND ŞIRNAK ASPHALTITE

T. KARAYILDIRIM*, J. YANIK

Department of Chemistry Faculty of Science, Ege University 35100 Izmir, Turkey

M. YUKSEL, M. SAGLAM

Department of Chemical Engineering Ege University 35100 Izmir, Turkey

To investigate the effect of mineral matrix on thermal degradation of Göynük oil shale and Şırnak asphaltite, their samples (initial ones and those subsequently treated with solutions of the acids: HCl, HNO₃ and HF) were studied in a thermogravimetric analyzer. Initial and HCl-washed samples showed similar degradation behavior, while HNO₃ washing affected it in both cases. Changes in organic structure, which is different for shale and asphaltite – the former being aliphatic, and the latter having aromatic character – after HNO₃ treatment affected the degradation kinetics of the samples differently, whereas the mineral matter content had no effect on it.

^{*} Corresponding author: e-mail tamer@sci.ege.edu.tr